



SANFORD

Corporate Governance Statement 2021

Sound corporate governance and having the right structure, people, practices and policies in place is fundamental to ensuring Sanford's ability to create maximum value over the short, medium and long term.

The extent to which Sanford has followed the recommendations of the NZX Corporate Governance Code dated 1 January 2020 (NZX Code) for the financial year ended 30 September 2021 is detailed in this Corporate Governance Statement. Consistent with its commitment to best practice corporate governance, Sanford has achieved full compliance with the recommendations of the NZX Code in all material aspects for the financial year ending 30 September 2021.

The Board regularly reviews and assesses Sanford's governance policies, procedures and practices to ensure they are appropriate and effective. This Corporate Governance Statement provides a snapshot of these practices, processes and policies following the recommendations of the NZX Code.

Sanford's key corporate governance documents referred to in this statement, including charters and policies, can be found here www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance. The annual report for the financial year ended 30 September 2021 may cross-reference this Corporate Governance Statement. This statement was approved by the Board on 17 November 2021, and was accurate as at that date.

Principle 1: Code of Ethical Behaviour

Directors should set high standards of ethical behaviour, model this behaviour and hold management accountable for these standards being followed throughout the organisation.

Sanford's Board is committed to maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance, ensuring transparency, business integrity and ethics, and recognising the interests of its shareholders and other stakeholders.



Recommendation 1.1: The Board should document minimum standards of ethical behaviour to which the issuer's Directors and employees are expected to adhere (a code of ethics) and comply with the other requirements of Recommendation 1.1 of the NZX Code.

Sanford has prepared a Code of Ethical Behaviour consistent with our core values of Care, Passion, Integrity and Achieving Together. Sanford also has a Code of Conduct in place, which is made available to all employees, and sets out the standards expected from Sanford's Directors, officers, employees, and anyone acting on their behalf. Sanford monitors compliance with the Code through established performance management processes and adherence to the Protected Disclosures (Whistleblowing) Policy. Disclosure of serious wrongdoing is strongly encouraged by Sanford as a means of managing risk, promoting openness and transparency, and protecting the reputation of the Company. This Policy recognises Sanford's commitment to encouraging, supporting and protecting those employees who, in good faith, disclose such wrongdoing, detailing the procedure and protection offered, when this occurs. There were no reported breaches during the period of 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021.

Copies of both Sanford's Code of Ethical Behaviour and its Protected Disclosures (Whistleblowing) Policy are available on the Sanford website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/policies/>.

Principle 2: Board Composition and Performance



TRADING IN COMPANY SECURITIES POLICY

Recommendation 1.2: An issuer should have a financial product dealing policy, which applies to employees and Directors.

Sanford has a Securities Trading Policy that details the Company's position on, and rules that apply to, all Directors, officers and employees of Sanford and its subsidiaries in New Zealand who intend to trade in Sanford's listed securities in New Zealand. The requirements imposed by the Policy are separate from, and in addition to, the legal prohibitions on insider trading that apply.

A copy of Sanford's Securities Trading Policy is available on the Sanford website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/policies/>

To ensure an effective Board, there should be a balance of independence, skills, knowledge, experience and perspectives.

BOARD CHARTER



Recommendation 2.1: The Board of an issuer should operate under a written charter, which sets out the roles and responsibilities of the Board. The Board charter should clearly distinguish and disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management.

The Board has adopted a formal Board charter, which distinguishes and discloses the respective roles and responsibilities of the Board and management. The Board Charter is available on the Sanford website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-and-committees/>.

NOMINATION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS



Recommendation 2.2 and 2.3: Every issuer should have a procedure for the nomination and appointment of Directors to the Board. An issuer should enter into written agreements with each newly appointed Director establishing the terms of their appointment.

Sanford has developed and adopted a Nomination Committee Charter, which outlines the procedure for the nomination and appointment of Directors to the Board. The Nomination Committee Charter is available on the Sanford website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-and-committees/>.

The Nomination Committee Charter provides that each Director shall be appointed by a letter of appointment, and outlines the matters that are included in the letter of appointment for each Director.

DIRECTOR PARTICULARS



Recommendation 2.4: Every issuer should disclose information about each Director in its annual report or on its website, including a profile of experience, length of service, independence and ownership interests and Director attendance at Board meetings.

The Board is committed to ensuring a range of experiences and perspectives among its Directors; this is highlighted in the Directors' biographies on the Sanford website at www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-of-directors/.

For more information, refer to 'Adoption of a Skills Matrix' in the 'Corporate governance' section of the Sanford Annual Report 2021.

Details of independence and ownership interests are set out in the 'Corporate governance' section of the Sanford Annual Report 2021.

Director attendance at Board and Board Committee meetings is set out under Recommendation 3.5 below.

DIVERSITY



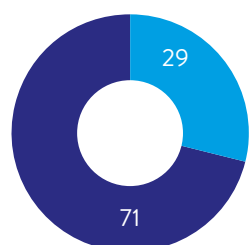
Recommendation 2.5: An issuer should have a written diversity policy, which includes requirements for the Board or a relevant committee of the Board to set measurable objectives for achieving diversity (which, at a minimum, should address gender diversity) and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity’s progress in achieving them. The issuer should disclose the policy or a summary of it.

Sanford has a Diversity and Inclusion Policy in place. This includes specific KPI measures for the Board and Senior Leadership Team with respect to gender and ethnic diversity.

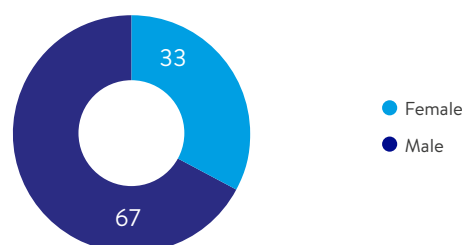
In accordance with previous years, we continue to report the gender composition of our Directors and our Senior Leadership Team. As noted above, the Board is comprised of seven members (2020: 6), of which five are male (2020: 4), and two are female (2020: 2). The gender diversity of the Board comprises 71% male and 29% female representation. The Senior Leadership Team (inclusive of the Executive team) is comprised of 30 members, (2020:31) of which 20 are male (2020: 20) and 10 are female (2020: 11). The gender diversity of the Senior Leadership Team comprises 67% male and 33% female (2020: 65% male, 35% female).

The diversity provisions set out in the Diversity and Inclusion Policy comply with this recommendation.

Board gender diversity



Senior leadership team gender diversity



A copy of Sanford’s Diversity and Inclusion Policy is available on Sanford’s website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/policies/>.

DIRECTOR TRAINING



Recommendation 2.6: Directors should undertake appropriate training to remain current on how to best perform their duties as Directors of an issuer.

Sanford’s Directors are expected to understand the Company’s operations and undertake any necessary continued professional development to enable them to discharge their duties.

This includes:

- Attending Director training sessions on specific aspects, such as health and safety governance
- Attending management presentations and tutorial sessions, as appropriate, to gain a broader understanding and knowledge of Sanford
- Attending briefings on relevant changes in legislation, regulatory and industry frameworks

- Attending technical and professional development courses, as appropriate, to keep up to date on relevant issues
- Undertaking scheduled visits to key Sanford sites and operations, to familiarise themselves with key operational activities and business practices.

EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE OF DIRECTORS



Recommendation 2.7: The Board should have a procedure to regularly assess Director, Board and Committee performance.

On an annual basis, the Board critically evaluates its own performance, and its own processes and procedures, including those of its Board Committees, to ensure that they are not unduly complex and are designed to assist the Board in effectively fulfilling its role.

The performance of individual Directors is evaluated, each year, by a process which includes:

- Each Director discussing with the Chair that Director's contribution to the proceedings of the Board and the performance of the Board and its Board Committees generally; and
- The Chair's own contribution being discussed by the rest of the Board.

An independent review of the performance of individual Directors and the Board is undertaken biannually.

DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE



Recommendation 2.8: A majority of the Board should be independent Directors.

The Board currently comprises seven Directors. All Directors are non-executive Directors. The Board has considered which of the Directors are independent Directors for the purposes of the NZX Listing Rules and has determined that, as at 17 November 2021, six Directors are independent Directors, including the Chair and the Chair of the Audit Committee. The independent Directors are Robert McLeod, Mark Cairns, Peter Cullinane, Abby Foote, Peter Kean and Fiona Mackenzie. Peter Goodfellow is not considered to be independent, due to his association with a substantial product holder of Sanford.

INDEPENDENCE OF CHAIR AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO)



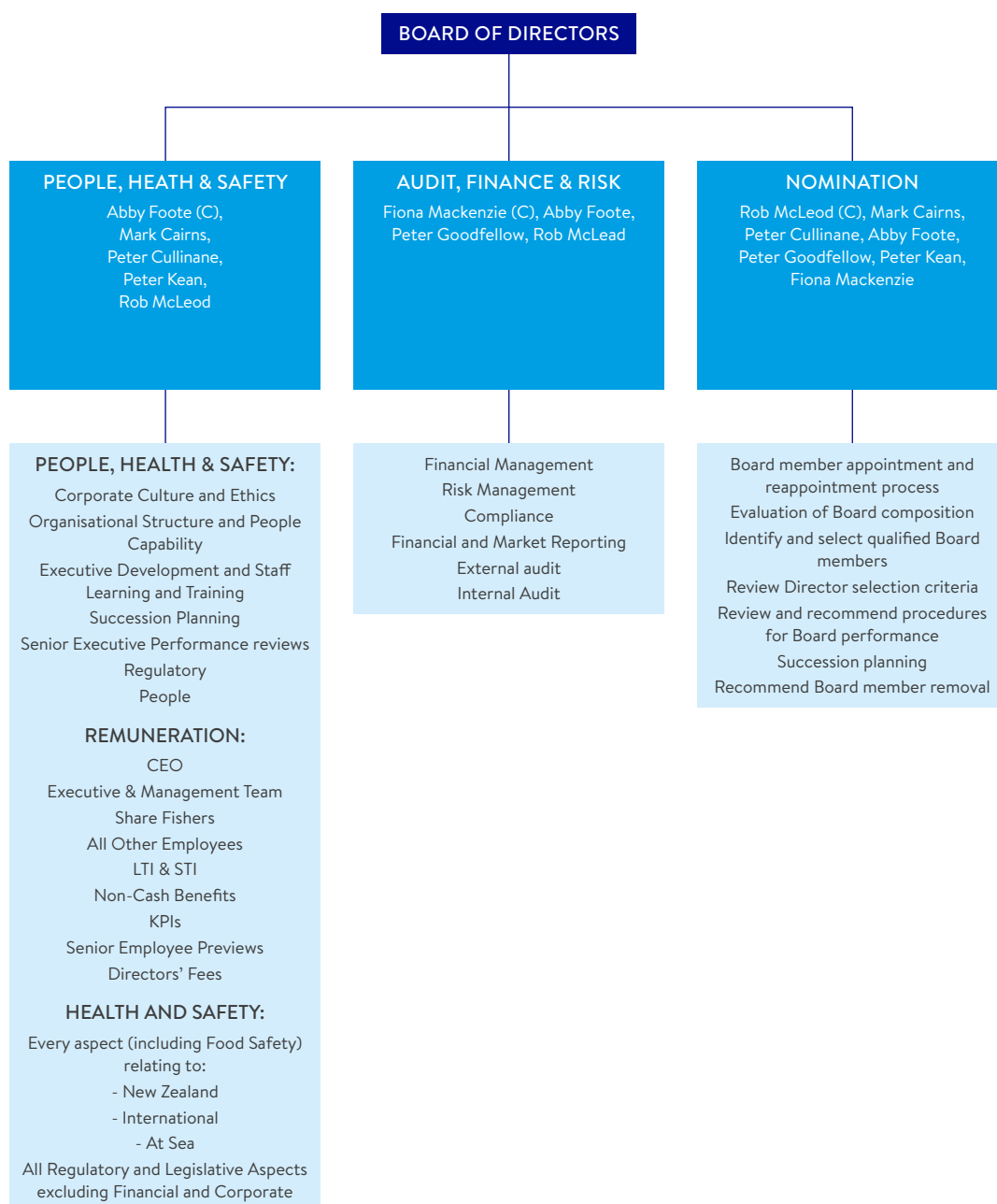
Recommendation 2.9: An issuer should have an independent Chair of the Board. If the Chair is not independent, the Chair and the CEO should be different people.

Robert McLeod, the Chair of the Board, is an independent Director. The positions of Chair and CEO of Sanford are held by different people.

**Principle 3:
Board Committees**

The Board should use committees where this will enhance its effectiveness in key areas, while still retaining Board responsibility.

The Board recognises the essential role of Committees in guiding the Company on specific issues where specialist knowledge and experience is required. Board Committees assist, advise and make recommendations to the Board on matters falling within their areas of responsibility, as set out below. In 2021 the five standing Board Committees were reduced to three. The Sales, Marketing, Innovation and Food Safety Committee was disestablished, and these agenda items now form part of the main Board agenda. The People Committee and the Safety, Health and Environment Committees were combined into the People, Health and Safety Committee.





Recommendation 3.5 (part): All committees should operate under written charters. An issuer should identify the members of each of its committees, and periodically report member attendance.

Each Committee is governed by a formal charter, setting out its objectives, roles and responsibilities, composition, structure, membership requirements and operation. Members' attendance is reported annually, and the table of attendances is included below:

BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEETING ATTENDANCE IN THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

BOARD MEMBER	BOARD COMMITTEES						
	FULL BOARD MEETINGS	AUDIT FINANCE & RISK	SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT ¹	PEOPLE ¹	PEOPLE, HEALTH & SAFETY ¹	SALES, MARKETING, INNOVATION & FOOD SAFETY ²	NOMINATION
Mark Cairns ³	2/2	-	-	-	0/1	-	1/1
Peter Cullinane	10/10	-	2/2	-	3/3	1/1	1/1
Abigail (Abby) Foote	10/10	5/5	2/2	-	3/3	-	1/1
Peter Goodfellow	10/10	2/3 ⁴	-	2/2	-	-	1/1
Peter Kean	10/10	-	-	2/2	3/3	1/1	1/1
Rob McLeod	10/10	5/5	2/2	2/2	3/3	1/1	1/1
Fiona Mackenzie	10/10	5/5	-	-	-	-	1/1

¹ Safety Health & Environment Committee and People Committee were combined into People, Health & Safety Committee from 1 April 2021

² Sales, Marketing, Innovation & Food Safety Committee disestablished from 1 April 2021

³ Appointed 1 July 2021

⁴ Member from 1 April 2021

Copies of the Board and Committee charters are available at:

www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-and-committees. Each Committee meets on at least a quarterly basis, or more often throughout the year, as required. Senior management representatives attend Committee meetings by invitation only. The three Board Committees are described below:

AUDIT FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE



Recommendation 3.1: An issuer's Audit Committee should operate under a written charter. Membership on the Audit Committee should be majority independent and comprise solely of non-executive Directors of the issuer. The chair of the Audit Committee should be an independent Director and not the Chair of the Board.

The Audit Finance and Risk Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities to protect the interests of shareholders, customers, employees and the communities in which Sanford operates through analysis and monitoring of financial and capital allocation matters, establishing a sound risk management framework and ensuring rigorous processes for internal control across financial management, financial accounting, corporate regulatory compliance, audit and related reporting processes.

The purpose, constitution, membership, responsibilities and accountabilities of Sanford's Audit Finance and Risk Committee complies with this recommendation.

A copy of the Audit Finance and Risk Committee Charter is available on Sanford's website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-and-committees/>.



Recommendation 3.2: Employees should only attend Audit Committee meetings at the invitation of the Audit Committee.

Senior management representatives attend the Audit Finance and Risk Committee meetings by invitation only.

REMUNERATION (PEOPLE) COMMITTEE



Recommendation 3.3: An issuer should have a Remuneration Committee, which operates under a written charter (unless this is carried out by the whole Board). At least a majority of the Remuneration Committee should be independent Directors. Management should only attend Remuneration Committee meetings at the invitation of the Remuneration Committee.

The People, Health and Safety Committee assists the Board in establishing and overseeing appropriate policies and strategies for all aspects of human resources management and remuneration, including corporate culture and ethics. This includes regulatory compliance matters relating to people, and the attraction, retention and development of people. The Committee's agenda reflects the importance of human capital to Sanford's strategic and business planning.

The purpose, constitution, membership, responsibilities and accountabilities of Sanford's People, Health and Safety Committee complies with this recommendation. Senior management representatives attend the People, Health and Safety meetings by invitation only.

A copy of the People, Health and Safety Committee Charter is available on Sanford's website at <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-and-committees/>.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE



Recommendation 3.4: An issuer should establish a Nomination Committee to recommend Director appointments to the Board (unless this is carried out by the whole Board), which should operate under a written charter. At least a majority of the Nomination Committee should be independent Directors.

The Nomination Committee assists the Board by considering nominations to ensure an appropriate mix of expertise, skills, experience and diversity are on the Board. The full Board meets once a year, or as required, to determine the most appropriate makeup of the Board and to nominate any changes.

The purpose, constitution, membership, responsibilities and accountabilities of Sanford's Nomination Committee complies with this recommendation.

A copy of the Nomination Committee Charter is available on Sanford's website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/board-and-committees/>.

Principle 4: Reporting and Disclosure

OTHER BOARD COMMITTEES



Recommendation 3.5 (part): An issuer should consider whether it is appropriate to have any other Board committees as standing Board committees.

Until recently, Sanford considered it appropriate to have both a Sales, Marketing, Innovation and Food Safety Committee and a Safety, Health and Environment Committee as standing Board committees. In 2021, Sanford determined it was no longer necessary for Sanford in the context of its business to have these committees as standing Board committees, and accordingly:

- The Sales, Marketing, Innovation and Food Safety Committee was disestablished from 1 April 2021. These agenda items now form part of the main Board agenda.
- The Safety, Health and Environment Committee was combined with the People Committee from 1 April 2021, with the combined standing Board committee being the People, Health and Safety Committee.

TAKEOVER PROTOCOLS



Recommendation 3.6: The Board should establish appropriate protocols that set out the procedure to be followed if there is a takeover offer for the issuer including any communication between insiders and the bidder. The Board should disclose the scope of independent advisory reports to shareholders. These protocols should include the option of establishing an independent takeover committee, and the likely composition and implementation of an independent takeover committee.

A takeover response protocol, which has been approved by the Board, is in place for dealing with a takeover offer. The protocol complies with this recommendation.

The Board should demand integrity in financial and non-financial reporting, and in the timeliness and balance of corporate disclosures.

CONTINUOUS DISCLOSURE



Recommendation 4.1: An issuer's Board should have a written Continuous Disclosure Policy.

Sanford has a Continuous Disclosure Policy, and is committed to providing accurate, timely and consistent disclosures that comply with its continuous disclosure regime, in accordance with the NZX Listing Rules. This includes the establishment of a "disclosure committee" which is primarily responsible for ensuring that Sanford complies with its disclosure obligations.

The Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Sanford website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/policies/>.

CHARTERS AND POLICIES



Recommendation 4.2: An issuer should make its code of ethics, Board and Committee charters, and the policies recommended in the NZX Code, together with any other key governance documents, available on its website.

Key governance documents are available to investors and stakeholders on Sanford's website. They include the Board and Committee charters, Code of Ethical Behaviour, Continuous Disclosure Policy, Privacy Policy, Securities Trading Policy and Guidelines, Protected Disclosures (Whistleblowing) Policy, Fisheries Compliance Policy, Diversity and Inclusion Policy, Sustainability Policy, Independence of External Auditors Policy and the Director and Executive Remuneration Policy.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

Recommendation 4.3 (part): Financial reporting should be balanced, clear and objective.

Sanford publishes its interim and audited full-year financial statements that are prepared in accordance with relevant financial reporting standards. The full-year financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021 are included in the Sanford 2021 Annual Report, an integrated report which reviews Sanford's financial, economic and environmental performance.

NON-FINANCIAL REPORTING – SUSTAINABILITY

Recommendation 4.3 (part): An issuer should provide non-financial disclosure at least annually, including considering environmental, economic and social sustainability factors and practices. It should explain how operational or non-financial targets are measured. Non-financial reporting should be informative, include forward looking assessments, and align with key strategies and metrics monitored by the Board.

Each year, non-financial information is disclosed by Sanford in the Annual Report. Material topics and risks are discussed (including how those risks are managed and how non-financial targets are measured) and risks are also covered in this Corporate Governance Statement (see Principle 6).

This year's Annual Report is Sanford's eighth Integrated Annual report, as defined by the International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC). This Report has been developed in accordance with both the International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) Integrated Report <IR> Framework and the Global Reporting Initiative Sustainability Reporting Standards (GRI) (applied to a core level of compliance) as detailed in the Sanford Annual Report 2021, **Appendix E**.

Sanford has also considered its role in contributing to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Sanford has focused on six SDGs to which it can contribute the most, and has the most impact upon.

The GRI standards require Sanford to answer the question: 'What are relevant and material topics which reflect the organisation's significant economic, environmental, and social impacts which are important to its stakeholders, and how is the organisation dealing with them?' This includes value creation across the dimensions of time, financial and non-financial resources for both Sanford and other stakeholders. Material topics and how they are treated are reported within Sanford's Annual Integrated Report 2021.

A combined Independent Auditor's and Limited Assurance Report is issued by Sanford's external auditor KPMG, in relation to Sanford's Annual Integrated Report 2021.

**Principle 5:
Remuneration**

The remuneration of Directors and Executives should be transparent, fair and reasonable.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Recommendation 5.1: An issuer should recommend Director remuneration to shareholders for approval in a transparent manner. Actual Director remuneration should be clearly disclosed in the issuer's annual report.

Information on Sanford's Director remuneration is available in the Sanford Annual Report 2021, refer '**Corporate governance**' (page 95). This includes a breakdown of remuneration for Board fees and Committee roles. No other payments were made to Directors.

REMUNERATION POLICY

Recommendation 5.2: An issuer should have a Remuneration Policy for remuneration of Directors and officers, which outlines the relative weightings of remuneration components and relevant performance criteria.

Sanford has a Director and Executive Remuneration Policy in place, consistent with the principles of the People, Health and Safety Committee Charter. The guiding principles of the policy are for the remuneration of Directors and Executive to be transparent and reasonable, and to support the Company in attracting, retaining and motivating high-calibre people to achieve its business objectives and create shareholder value. The Director and Executive Remuneration Policy complies with this recommendation.

A copy of the Director and Executive Remuneration Policy is available on Sanford's website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/policies/>.

EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

Details relating to the number of employees and former employees who received remuneration and other benefits in excess of \$100,000 during the year ended 30 September 2021 is available in the Sanford Annual Report 2021, refer '**Corporate governance**' (page 98).

CEO REMUNERATION

Recommendation 5.3: An issuer should disclose the remuneration arrangements in place for the CEO in its annual report. This should include disclosure of the base salary, short term incentives and long term incentives and the performance criteria used to determine performance based payments.

The CEO's remuneration consists of fixed remuneration, a short term incentive (STI) and a long term incentive (LTI). This is reviewed annually by the People, Health and Safety Committee and the Board after reviewing the Company's performance, the CEO's individual performance, and the advice from external remuneration specialists.

Further information on the CEO's remuneration is available in the Sanford Annual Report 2021, refer '**Corporate governance**' (page 97).

**Principle 6:
Risk Management**

Directors should have a sound understanding of the material risks faced by the issuer and how to manage them. The Board should regularly verify that the issuer has appropriate processes that identify and manage potential and material risks.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Recommendation 6.1: An issuer should have a risk management framework for its business and the issuer's Board should receive and review regular reports. An issuer should report the material risks facing the business and how these are being managed.

The identification and mitigation, where possible, of business risks, along with the integrity of management systems and the quality and relevance of reporting to shareholders are a critical oversight responsibility of the Board. The Board is satisfied that there are sufficient written procedures, policies, guidelines and organisational structures in place to ensure an appropriate division of responsibility, as well as programmes to identify, assess and manage areas of significant risk.

Sanford uses an Enterprise Risk Management approach to identify, evaluate, address, monitor, quantify and report material business risks to the Audit, Finance and Risk and People, Health and Safety Board Committees, including assessing the implementation and/or effectiveness of mitigation measures. The objective of this approach is to enhance stakeholder value through continuous improvement in the Company's management of risk. Further details relating to the specific risks identified are set out in the Sanford Annual Report 2021, **Appendix B** (page 180).

A key control is Sanford's annual business plan and operating budget, which is prepared by management and approved by the Board. This document, combined with the preparation and presentation of monthly financial statements, allow the Board to review management performance against the annual plan and previous year. The Board has an ongoing focus on strategic direction, as well as both global and local trends impacting the Company and industry overall. In addition to internal mechanisms, the Board engages external advisors to carry out internal audit functions on various parts of the business on a rotational basis each year, as set out under Principle 7 'Auditors'.

HEALTH AND SAFETY



Recommendation 6.2: An issuer should disclose how it manages its health and safety risks and should report on their health and safety risks, performance and management.

Health and safety risks are reported to the Board and to the People, Health and Safety Committee on a monthly basis. Health and safety indicators that comply with GRI standards, such as the lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR), are disclosed in the Sanford Annual Report 2021 (pages 45-56), and KPI table, **Appendix A** (pages 174-179).

Principle 7: Auditors

The Board should ensure the quality and independence of the external audit process.

AUDIT

The Board ensures the quality and independence of the external audit process, which culminates in the audit report being issued in relation to the annual financial statements. The significant issues and judgements considered by the Audit Finance and Risk Committee are disclosed in the Sanford Annual Report 2021 (Note 2 on page 113 of the financial statements).

EXTERNAL AUDITOR

KPMG were commissioned as Sanford's external auditors for the year ending 30 September 2021. The Board, after considering the recommendation of the Audit Finance and Risk Committee, considered and reviewed the appointment of the external auditors. It is proposed that the current Auditor should continue in office, in accordance with Section 207T of the Companies Act 1993.

The Audit Finance and Risk Committee provides a formal forum for communication between the Board and the external auditors, ensures the independence of the external auditors, has oversight of audit planning, reviews and recommends audit fees, considers audit opinions and evaluates the performance of the external auditors. The audit partner responsible for the Sanford audit has been the lead auditor for the past one year, having rotated in 2020.

No issues relating to the external auditors' independence have been identified to the year ending 30 September 2021.

RELATIONSHIP WITH AUDITOR

Recommendation 7.1 and 7.2: The Board should establish a framework for the issuer's relationship with its external auditor. This should include the procedures prescribed by the NZX Code. The external auditor should attend the issuer's Annual Meeting to answer questions from shareholders in relation to the audit.

INDEPENDENCE OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The External Auditor Independence Policy sets out the procedures required to obtain Board Audit Finance and Risk Committee approval for the use of Sanford's appointed external audit firm for non-audit services. The use of the external audit firm may be permitted to provide non-audit services that are not perceived to be materially in conflict with the role of the auditor, subject to the approval of the Audit Finance and Risk Committee.

Sanford's external auditor is expected to attend Sanford's annual meeting each year, and shareholders can ask questions of them, should they wish.

A copy of the External Auditor Independence Policy is available on Sanford's website at: <https://www.sanford.co.nz/investors/governance/policies/>.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

Recommendation 7.3: Internal audit functions should be disclosed.

Ernst and Young (EY) were commissioned for the year ending 30 September 2021, to conduct a number of internal audit functions on behalf of Sanford. These included payroll and IT systems design functionality. These audits were carried out in accordance with the Sanford internal audit plan, and approved by the Audit Finance and Risk Committee.

The Board should respect the rights of shareholders and foster constructive relationships with shareholders that encourage them to engage with the issuer.

Principle 8: Shareholder Rights and Relations

INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

Recommendation 8.1: An issuer should have a website where investors and interested stakeholders can access financial and operational information and key corporate governance information about the issuer.

Sanford provides shareholders with information through our Annual Reports and half-year results announcements, our Annual Meeting and announcements of material or other relevant information, including results. These documents are lodged with the Stock Exchange operated by NZX Limited (NZX) and are publicly available on the Company website at www.sanford.co.nz.

Over the past eight years, Sanford has sought to enhance its financial accounts through integrated reporting, ensuring greater transparency to stakeholders on their strategic direction, business model, value creation and environmental and social performance. Sanford keeps its shareholders informed of major developments and business events likely to affect the Company's operations, financial standing and share price.

COMMUNICATING WITH SHAREHOLDERS



Recommendation 8.2: An issuer should allow investors the ability to easily communicate with the issuer, including providing the option to receive communications from the issuer electronically.

Shareholders are encouraged to engage with senior management and the Sanford Board of Directors at the Annual Meeting. Copies of addresses made by the Chairman and CEO at the Annual Meeting are lodged with NZX, and made publicly available on the Company website. Sanford also communicates with the investment community via regular group presentations by senior management, and the Chairman undertakes engagement with major investors and advisors to Sanford. This provides a useful forum for both the Board and Sanford investors and advisors to stay abreast of current market views, commercial developments and industry trends.

Sanford provides options for shareholders to receive and send communications electronically, to and from both Sanford and its share registrar.

Due to Covid-19 conditions the 2021 Annual Meeting will be “virtual only”. Shareholders will be able to register, vote and ask questions online.

SHAREHOLDER VOTING RIGHTS



Recommendation 8.3: Quoted equity security holders should have the right to vote on major decisions, which may change the nature of the issuer in which they are invested in.

Sanford is committed to timely and balanced disclosure, which includes advising shareholders on any major decisions. Sanford has processes to ensure it follows the mandatory listing rule requirements relating to a change in the essential nature of the business, including major transactions under the Companies Act 1993.



Recommendation 8.4: If seeking additional equity capital, issuers of quoted equity securities should offer further equity securities to existing equity security holders of the same class on a pro rata basis, and on no less favourable terms, before further equity securities are offered to other investors.

Sanford has not sought additional equity capital for the year ending 30 September 2021.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING



Recommendation 8.5: The Board should ensure that the notices of annual or special meetings of quoted equity security holders is posted on the issuer’s website as soon as possible, and at least 20 working days prior to the meeting.

As mentioned above, the 2021 Annual Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 2.00pm on Monday 20 December 2021 as an online virtual meeting only.

Sanford targets having its notices of the annual meeting available on Sanford’s website at least 20 working days prior to the meeting.